FILED

7615 APA -1 A 11:26

ENROLLED

OFFICE WEST VIRGINIA SECRETARY OF STATE

Senate Bill No. 295

(BY SENATORS FERNS AND TRUMP)

[Passed March 14, 2015; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new section, designated §9-2-13, relating to judicial review of decisions of the West Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources Board of Review and the Bureau for Medical Services affecting applicants, recipients or providers of state or federal assistance programs.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new section, designated §9-2-13, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES; POWERS, DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES GENERALLY.

§9-2-13. Judicial review of decisions of contested cases.

- 1 (a) For purposes of this section:
- 2 (1) "Agency" means the Board of Review or the Bureau
- 3 for Medical Services, as the case may be, that has been

4 named as a party to any proceeding on appeal made pursuant5 to the provisions of this section.

6 (2) "Board of Review" or "Board" means the West
7 Virginia Department of Health and Human Resources Board
8 of Review operating pursuant to the provisions of subdivision
9 (13), section six of this article.

10 (3) "Bureau" means the Department of Health and
11 Human Resources' Bureau for Medical Services which is the
12 single state agency for Medicaid services in West Virginia.

(b) The board shall provide a fair, impartial and
expeditious grievance and appeal process to applicants or
recipients of state assistance, federal assistance, federal-state
assistance or welfare assistance, as defined in article one of
this chapter. The bureau shall provide a fair, impartial and
expeditious grievance and appeal process to providers of
Medicaid services.

20 (c) Any party adversely affected or aggrieved by a final
21 decision or order of the agency may seek judicial review of
22 that decision.

23 (d) Proceedings for review shall be instituted by filing a 24 petition, at the election of the petitioner, in either the circuit 25 court of Kanawha County, West Virginia, or in the circuit 26 court of the county in which the petitioner or any one of the 27 petitioners resides or does business, or with the judge thereof 28 in vacation, within thirty days after the date upon which such 29 party received notice of the final order or decision of the 30 agency. A copy of the petition shall be served upon the agency and all other parties of record by registered or 31 32 certified mail. The petition shall state whether the appeal is 33 taken on questions of law or questions of fact, not both. No 34 appeal bond is required to effect any such appeal.

35 (e) The filing of the petition for appeal does not stay or 36 supercede enforcement of the final decision or order of the 37 agency. The agency may voluntarily stay such enforcement 38 and the appellant, at any time after the filing of the petition 39 for appeal, may apply to the circuit court of Kanawha 40 County, or in the circuit court of the county in which the 41 petitioner or any one of the petitioners resides or does 42 business, for a stay of or to supersede the final decision or 43 order. Pending the appeal, the circuit court may grant a stay 44 or supersede the order upon such terms as it considers proper.

45 (f) Within fifteen days after receipt of a copy of the 46 petition by the agency, or within such further time as the court may allow, the agency shall prepare and transmit to the 47 48 circuit court of Kanawha County, or in the circuit court of the 49 county in which the petitioner or any one of the petitioners 50 resides or does business, the original or a certified copy of the 51 entire record of the proceeding under review: Provided, That 52 all records prepared and transmitted that involve a minor 53 shall be filed under seal. This shall include a transcript of all 54 reported testimony and all exhibits, papers, motions, 55 documents, evidence, records, agency staff memoranda and 56 data used in consideration of the case, all briefs, memoranda, 57 papers and records considered by the agency in the 58 underlying proceeding and a statement of matters officially 59 noted. By stipulation of the parties, the record may be 60 shortened. In the event the complete record is not filed with 61 the court within the time provided for in this section, the 62 appellant may apply to the court to have the case docketed 63 and the court shall order the agency to file the record.

(g) The cost of preparing the official record shall be
assessed as part of the costs of the appeal. The appellant shall
provide security for costs satisfactory to the court. Any party
unreasonably refusing to stipulate to limit the record may be
assessed by the court for the additional costs involved. Upon

69 demand by any party to the appeal, the agency shall furnish,

70 at cost to the requesting party, a copy of the official record.

71 (h) The court shall hear appeals upon assignments of 72 error filed in the petition or set out in the briefs filed by the 73 parties. The court, at its discretion, may disregard errors not 74 argued by brief or may consider errors that are not assigned 75 or argued. The court shall fix a date and time for the hearing 76 on the petition. Unless otherwise agreed by the parties, the 77 court shall not schedule the hearing sooner than ten days after 78 the filing of the petition for appeal. The petitioner shall 79 provide notice of the date and time of the hearing to the 80 agency.

(i) In cases involving alleged irregularities in procedure
before the agency that are not shown in the record, the court
may take additional testimony. Otherwise, the circuit court
shall review the appeal without a jury and may only consider
the official record provided pursuant to the requirements of
this section. The court may hear oral arguments and require
written briefs.

(j) The court may affirm the final decision or order of the
agency or remand the matter for further proceedings. The
court may reverse, vacate or modify the final decision or
order of the agency only if the substantial rights of the
petitioner have been prejudiced because the administrative
findings, inferences, conclusions, decision or order are:

94 (1) In violation of constitutional or statutory provisions;

95 (2) In excess of the statutory authority or jurisdiction of96 the agency;

97 (3) Made upon unlawful procedures;

98	(4) Affected by other error of law;
99	(5) Clearly wrong in view of the reliable, probative and
100	substantial evidence on the whole record; or
101	(6) Arbitrary or capricious or characterized by an abuse
102	of discretion or clearly unwarranted exercise of discretion.
103	(k) The judgment of the circuit court is final unless
104	reversed, vacated or modified on appeal to the West Virginia
105	Supreme Court of Appeals.
106	(1) The process established by this section is the exclusive
107	remedy for judicial review of final decisions of the Board of
108	Review and the Bureau for Medical Services.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Chairman Senate Committee

Chairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegates President of the Senate

....

Speaker of the House of Delegates

The within 11 approved .. this the .. ipul 2015. Day of

PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

MAR 2 7 2015

Time 3:15pm